Family Enterprise USA (FEUSA)

Enterprising families. Working together.

On the Minds of Family Enterprise Owners

Family firms are increasingly anxious about government policies, and the uncertainty is impacting hiring

"In our business, we either balance the budget each year or we will go out of business. It is that simple."

- CEO of South Dakota manufacturing company

"Taxes are a major issue for us. Not knowing leads to an inability to plan, which causes difficulties in conducting business. We pull back, which means less growth." — Owner of Ohio technology company

"Increasing tax rates will result in less money to reinvest in our company." — CEO of Wisconsin manufacturing company

"The uncertainty of all the policies and regulations is really the primary issue - particularly related to taxes. As long-term planners, we can plan ahead if we know what's coming. Not knowing is worse." — CEO of Washington forestry company



SURVEY OF FAMILY FIRMS

In the Family Enterprise USA Annual Survey of family firms, 230 family enterprises responded to questions about their business and government policy.

"While 75% of respondents believe their revenues will grow in 2013, only 45% believe they will add workers."

More Sales in 2013, Less Hiring

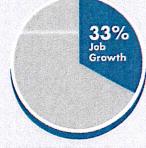
FEUSA's survey measures basic attitudes toward business growth looking at trends over time. Actual data from 2011 and 2012 along with projections for 2013 show growing confidence in family firms' ability to increase revenue on a year-to-year basis. But, while the pace of hiring was trending upward from 2011 to 2012, job growth projections are now down for 2013. Based on other survey responses, we believe this reluctance to hire is tied directly to government policy.

70% of respondents report revenue growth in 2012, a figure that's up from 50% in 2011. As a result, we saw more hiring. A full 54% of respondents indicate that they grew their workforce in 2012 in response to increased business. The rate of hiring in 2012 increased over 2011, commensurate with revenue growth. General attitudes toward a 2013 business outlook remain slightly optimistic, measured by expected revenue growth, but companies are reluctant to add workers. While 75% of respondents believe their revenues will grow in 2013, only 45% believe they will add workers. This is a reversal from last year's survey where reported revenue growth inspired confidence to add jobs.

FEUSA survey findings suggest that this dip is likely due to anxiety about the public policy. One of FEUSA's survey benchmark questions is what a respondent believes to be a greater threat to the future of their business: internal factors such as disagreements between family members about operations, the strategic direction of the business, or conflict in general, or external factors such as the general economic climate, tax policy and government regulation?





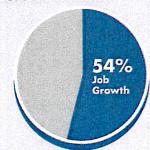


50% Reported Actual Revenue Growth

33% Reported Actual Job Growth

2012 Actual Revenue & Job Growth



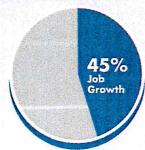


70% Reported Actual Revenue Growth

54% Reported Actual Job Growth

2013 Projected Revenue & Job Growth





■ 75% Report Projected Revenue Growth

45% Report Projected Job Growth

"More family businesses than last year identified the economic climate and government policy as the biggest threat to the future of their business."

Government Policy and Uncertainty Causing More Anxiety

Last year, 82% of FEUSA survey respondents said that external factors were a greater threat to the future of their family business. This year that figure has grown to 91%. This indicates an even more heightened sensitivity to the role government policy and uncertainty is playing in business planning and development.

Family Firm Values Drive Policy Preferences

In order to understand what is most troubling to family firms, survey respondents were asked to rank the importance of various public policy issues. The issue that got the strongest response was "reducing the deficit and debt." Successful family firms embrace a sense of stewardship and fiscal responsibility, and they expect our government to do the same. Interestingly, looking more closely at this issue, the level of concern over the country's debt and deficit increased with company longevity; a full 60% of respondents from businesses with over 100 years of operation ranked it as their number one or two concern. The tax code is also a major frustration for family firms. Reforming it even slightly beat out elimination or reduction in the estate tax in the order of importance.

In the context of debate about increasing individual income tax rates, the question often comes up about how this will impact businesses that are organized as S-Corps or LLCs. FEUSA's survey indicates a strong plurality (47%) "will disburse additional funds to owners to ensure that they receive distributions sufficient to pay their taxes resulting in less money available for capital investments and other company expenditures" to deal with this issue. This is significant

because of the survey respondents that predicted that they would add employees in the next 12 months, 70% are either S-Corps or LLCs.

What's the most important public policy issue for you? (respondents ranked the following in order of importance)

- 1. Reducing the deficit and debt
- 2. Reforming the tax code
- 3. Eliminating or lowering the estate tax
- 4. Reducing regulations
- 5. Maintaining 15% rate on capital gains and dividends

What should Congress do about the estate tax?



"The core value of stewardship that family businesses embrace—leaving the company in a better place than when you took it over—drives their internal attitudes and behaviors, and their expectations of government policy."

"58% of respondents carry the title CEO or President. Others are either part of executive leadership, are owners, serve on the board and/or are family members."

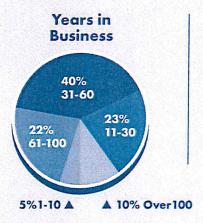
Profile of FEUSA Family Firm Respondents

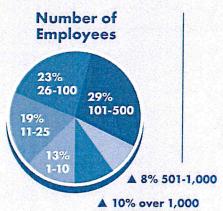
This year's respondents represent every region of the country and are involved in a broad cross-section of industry sectors from manufacturing (the largest category at 30%) to construction (11%), wholesale trade (8%), retail trade and real estate (6% each), finance, agriculture, hotel management, restaurants, and more. 58% of respondents carry the title CEO or President, 28% are family members, 17% serve on the Board, 14% are Vice Presidents, and the balance are C-level executives.

As in past FEUSA surveys, the overwhelming majority

of respondents are from well-established firms—40% have been in business 30–60 years, 22% have been in business 60–100 years, and 10% have been in business over 100 years.

These are stable family enterprises. One characteristic of stable family businesses is consistent leadership. 27% of FEUSA survey respondents have been leading their companies for 11 - 20 years, 20% have been leading their companies for 21 - 30 years. 18% have been at the helm for over 30 years.







FEUSA: Enterprising Families. Working Together.

96% of our respondents believe that the long-term investment philosophy, commitment to employees and suppliers, and contributions to its communities distinguish family firms from other businesses. Yet 55% either don't belong to a trade association or don't believe their trade association differentiates between family firms and other businesses. 67% of respondents do not believe elected officials

understand what differentiates family firms from other types of businesses.

Family Enterprise USA does understand family firms and is working to share your story and be your voice in Washington D.C. If you would like more information about FEUSA, please email Ann Kinkade at akinkade@familyenterpriseusa.org.

"One characteristic of stable family businesses is consistent leadership."